

COVID 19 situational and Public Health response update

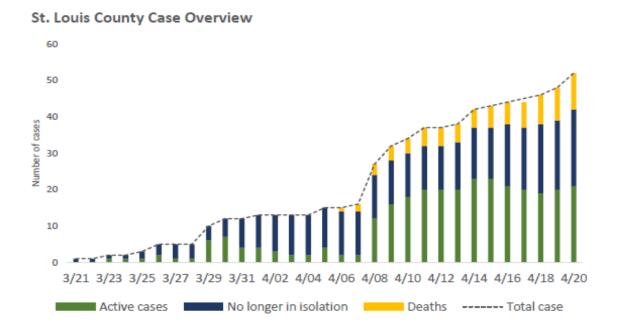


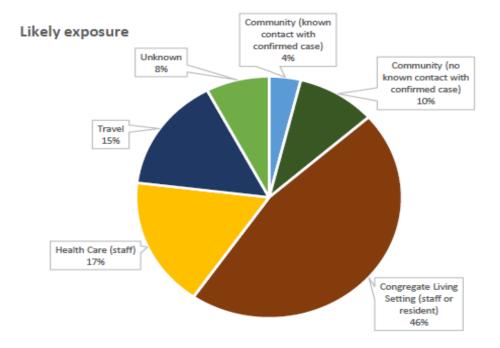
St. Louis County Covid-19 case summary							Age		Cases no longer in isolation				
Case totals	Active cases	Male	Female	Cases requiring hospitalization	Currently hospitalized	Currently in ICU	Deaths	Cases reporting contact with a lab- confirmed case	Median	Range	Total	Median days in isolation	Range
52	21	17	35	12	3	1	10	14	63 years	23 - 94 years	21	10 days	7 – 25 days

	Median age	Range
Hospitalized cases	80 years old	62 to 92 years old
	Median age	Range
Deaths	83 years old	62 to 92 years old

Congregate Care Facilities with at least One Resident or Staff Member with a Positive Covid-19 Result

- Superior View APTS
- St. Ann's





Planning and Response: Isolation and quarantine assurances (MN Stat 144.419)

- Essential services
 - Shelter (4)
 - Transportation
 - Food
 - Medication
- Partners
 - Emergency Management
 - Safety and Risk Management
 - Auditor's office
 - Attorney's office
 - Community
 - CHUM
 - AEOA



Planning and Response: Community outreach

- Isolation and Quarantine Nurse Consultation
- Liaisons assigned to stakeholders
 - Congregate care settings
 - LTCF/Assisted living facilities
 - Schools
 - Shelters
 - Cities/townships
- Information line
- Volunteer registry coordination and requests



Planning and Response: Partnership with MDH and healthcare systems

Long term care facilities

- Prevention
 - Infection control outreach and assessment
 - MDH Health Regulation Division Infection Control Assessment
- Control
 - Rapid Response Team
 - Local healthcare systems



A few additional considerations for PHHS

- COVID has required a complete transformation in how we deliver our critical/essential services
- Waivers from DHS, the availability of technology and the flexibility and creativity of our staff and clients allows us to continue to deliver core services, just in different ways
- Continue to review volume and trends to assess current methods of service delivery and plan for peak increases post-COVID or sheltering scenarios

Example: Public Assistance new applications

- 2020 vs same time frame in 2019 showed increase in new applications and method of submission shifted from in person to online and phone calls
- Drop in total SNAP/Cash/Emergency applications over last year; likely due people not closing for benefits due to DHS Waivers approved

arice freely applicati	\mathbf{O}	
Data from 3/16-4/6	2019	2020
New SNAP/CASH/Emergency applications	509	618
All applications (new and renewals)		
online	111	507
Mailed/faxed/dropbox	1237	562
Total Applications	1348	1069
New Healthcare applications		
METS applications	229	201
MAXIS applications	279	336
Total Healthcare applications	508	537
Call Center info		
# of calls	8879	9718
Avg wait time	3:51	3:50
		A

Example: Child Protection Assessments

- Concern about significant decrease of screened in assessments as we work to ensure child safety and wellbeing
- Corresponds to significant reduction in mandated reporters having in person contact with children; comparable to other times when school is off (winter break 3rd week of Feb)
- Anticipate continued gradual growth and rebound in maltreatment reports and resulting assessments post-COVID sheltering

Child Protection Assessments by Worker





PHHS COVID Financial Considerations

Revenue

- 43% budget funded by Property Tax Levy
- 52% funded by Intergovernmental Revenue
- Some loss in charges for grant funds that cover staff;
 COVID increase in Local Public Health grant (\$192,671 received)
- New I & Q costs will be largely covered in April by State grant (\$361,969 awarded); will continue monthly applications for costs and documentation to maximize FEMA eligibility
- Working closely across Social Services to maximize documentation for targeted case management revenue and expect flat to increase in these revenue categories
- Federal Financial Participation 6.2% increase in reimbursement (from 50% to 56.2% effective April 1, will result in increased Federal Revenue estimated at new revenue of \$700-\$900,000/year

Expenses

- Majority of positions funded between 40-60% by Intergovernmental Revenues
- Due to state mandates and other contractual relationships will need to prioritize filling certain positions
- Closely monitoring vacancy factor as delay in filling positions; cancellation of summer internship program
- Reviewing purchased service expenses and expect flat to decline due to availability of community contracted services
- Reduction in travel-related operating expenses for staff as well as in purchase of bus passes
- Will continue reviewing all 2020 costs closely as well as preparing for 2021 budget
- Significant Legislation in play that could have impacts (unresolved SUD reform from 2019 continues to have unclear impacts to counties, for example)